

# Court Schools Attendance Policy



**September 2025**  
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# Court Schools Attendance Policy

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# Court Schools Attendance Policy

## Introduction

At Court Schools, we believe it is of vital importance that our learners have high attendance at school as it contributes to the excellent progress that pupils make at Court Schools.

We aim for an environment which enables and encourages all members of the community to be proud to belong, believe and to achieve their best. For our pupils to gain the greatest benefit from their education it is vital that they attend regularly and should be at school on time, every day the school is open unless the reason for the absence is unavoidable.

Regular attendance at school is of critical importance to a child's education. Any absence affects the pattern of a pupil's schooling and regular absence will seriously impact on their learning.

We believe that high attendance at school has many other benefits besides supporting higher levels of learning and progress. Attending school as part of a routine can improve mental health and resilience and supports a healthier lifestyle. High attendance at school is an excellent way for pupils to grow and develop their social skills. We want our pupils to be happy, as well as successful.

Social connection is a key factor in determining levels of happiness and high attendance supports this.

Parents and schools have a key role to play in children's success and happiness. We believe that one of the most important life habits we can instil in children is attendance. Promoting good attendance helps pupils to understand the importance of education, commitment and taking responsibility, supporting them in later life. Ensuring your child's regular attendance at Court Schools is your legal responsibility and permitting absence from Court Schools without a good reason creates an offence in law and may result in prosecution.

## Aims

Court Schools is committed to meeting our obligations with regards to school attendance, including those laid out in the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on [working together to improve school attendance \(applies from 19 August 2024\)](#). An effective whole school culture of high attendance is underpinned by high expectation, procedures and responsibilities. To ensure leaders, staff, pupils, and parents understand these expectations, these are set out in this policy.

- Section 1: the practical procedures to be followed at Court Schools in relation to attendance.
- Section 2: the measures in place at Court Schools to promote regular attendance by its registered pupils.
- Section 3: the responsibilities of particular members of staff in relation to attendance.
- Section 4: the action to be taken by staff if a registered student fails to attend school regularly.

# Court Schools Attendance Policy

## Section 1: The Practical Procedures

There are clear links from this policy to our safeguarding and child protection duties as set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education (DFE 2024). Our Safeguarding policy can be found on the school website.

### The Admissions Register (or 'School Roll')

It is Court Schools's responsibility for keeping the Admissions Register up to date. This contains specific personal details of every pupil along with the date of admission, information regarding parents and carers, and details of the last school attended.

We also hold emergency contact numbers for each pupil. It is our policy to hold more than one such number, so that we have options to contact a responsible adult should the need arise.

A student's name can only be lawfully deleted from the admissions register in very limited circumstances and we follow the DFE guidance and must have confirmation from the LA SEND Statutory Team.

#### The Attendance Register

We will keep an electronic attendance register and place all pupils onto this register.

The attendance register will be taken at the start of each school day and once during the afternoon session. On each occasion, the school will record whether every pupil is present, attending an approved educational activity, absent, or unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances.

These records will be kept electronically to ensure accuracy and the timely sharing and analysis of information – all of which is critical to ensure good attendance.

#### Punctuality and Regular Attendance

The Court Schools Day:

Gates open at 8.45am.

Magdalen Court School – Start 8.45am and finish at 3.10pm

Cardrew Court School – Start 8.45am and finish at 3.15pm.

Pupils must arrive in school by 8:45am on each school day. If learners arrive after the school gates are closed, pupils will need to sign into school via the school office.

The register for the first session is taken at 8:45 and be kept open until 9:15, from 9:06 – 9:15am pupils will be recorded as late. Any pupil who is not present after this time is marked as absent.

The register for the afternoon session will be taken after lunch. And kept open for ten minutes.

Magdalen Court School Afternoon Registration 1.30-1.40pm

Cardrew Court School Afternoon Registration 1.00-1.10pm

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Any amendment to the attendance register will be approved by SLT, and will include:

- The original entry
- The amended entry
- The reason for the amendment
- The date on which the amendment was made.
- The name and position of the person who made the amendment.

See Appendix 1 for the DfE attendance codes.

Court Schools will also record:

- Whether the absence is authorised or not, reason and evidence (if provided)
- The nature of the activity, where a pupil is attending an approved educational activity.
- The nature of circumstances, where a pupil is unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances.
- Where a student is on a school visit or trip, this will be coded correctly and will count positively towards attendance.

Granting a leave of absence will only be made in exceptional circumstances.

Pupils who are attending alternative provisions will be coded with the appropriate code.

## Lateness

Students at Court schools are expected to be on time as each day starts with a tutorial period.

## Unplanned Absence

Parents<sup>1</sup> must notify the school of the reason for the absence on the first day of an unplanned absence by 8.30am or as soon as practically possible **and every day the pupil is absent.**

### Magdalen Court School

This can be done as follows: by calling the school phone number on **01392 494919** and leave a message or by emailing **office@magdalencourt.org** with the following details:

- Full name of the student.
- Student's Year group or tutor group.
- Full name of person reporting absence and relation to child.
- Reason for absence. **"Unwell" will not be accepted as a reason.**

### Cardrew Court School

This can be done as follows: by calling the school phone number on **01209 912126**

and leave a message or by emailing **office@cardrewcourt.org** with the following details:

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<sup>1</sup> Throughout this document, the terms 'parent' and 'parents' are interchangeable and apply equally to 'parents and carers' and includes foster parents and social workers where relevant.

# Court Schools Attendance Policy

- Full name of the student.
- Student's Year group or tutor group.
- Full name of person reporting absence and relation to child.
- Reason for absence. **“Unwell” will not be accepted as a reason.**

If a pupil has been off for 4 days or more the tutor or admin staff will ask to do a teams call on the Friday afternoon, to keep contact and check in to offer support to the family.

Where the absence is longer than 5 days, or there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the school will ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily, **however professional evidence will be required for anxiety if it became persistent absence and not in the EHCP.** If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised, and parents will be notified of this in advance.

Where a reason for the absence is not received by 9.20am on the day of the absence, the school will contact the parents on the same day to understand the reason for the absence.

## Approval for term-time absence

The headteacher will allow pupils to be absent from the school site for certain educational activities, or to attend other schools or settings.

The headteacher will only grant a leave of absence to a pupil during term time if the request meets the specific circumstances set out in the [2024 School Attendance Regulations](#). These circumstances are:

- Taking part in a regulated performance, or regulated employment abroad
- Attending an interview
- Study leave
- A temporary, time-limited part-time timetable
- Exceptional circumstances

A leave of absence is granted at the headteacher's discretion, including the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

We define 'exceptional circumstances' as each application will be considered individually considering the specific facts and circumstances and relevant background context behind the request. If a leave of absence is granted it is for the Head Teacher to determine the length of the time the student can be away from school. It is extremely unlikely that a leave of absence will be granted for the purposes of a family holiday. To request a leave of absence please collect an absence request form (Appendix 2) from the admin staff at least two weeks before the intended absence, except in the case of an emergency.

Other valid reasons for authorised absence include (but are not limited to):

- Illness (including mental-health illness) and medical/dental appointments. For mental health, professional evidence will need to be provided.

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- Religious observance – where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parent(s) belong(s). If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parent's religious body to confirm whether the day is set apart.
- Parent(s) travelling for occupational purposes – this covers Roma, English and Welsh gypsies, Irish and Scottish travellers, showmen (fairground people) and circus people, bargees (occupational boat dwellers) and new travellers. Absence may be authorised only when a traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with the school, but it is not known whether the pupil is attending educational provision.
- If the pupil is currently suspended or excluded from school (and no alternative provision has been made)
  - If there is any other unavoidable cause for the pupil not to attend school, such as disruption to travel caused by an emergency, a lack of access arrangements, or because the school premises are closed.

## Following Up on Unexplained Absence

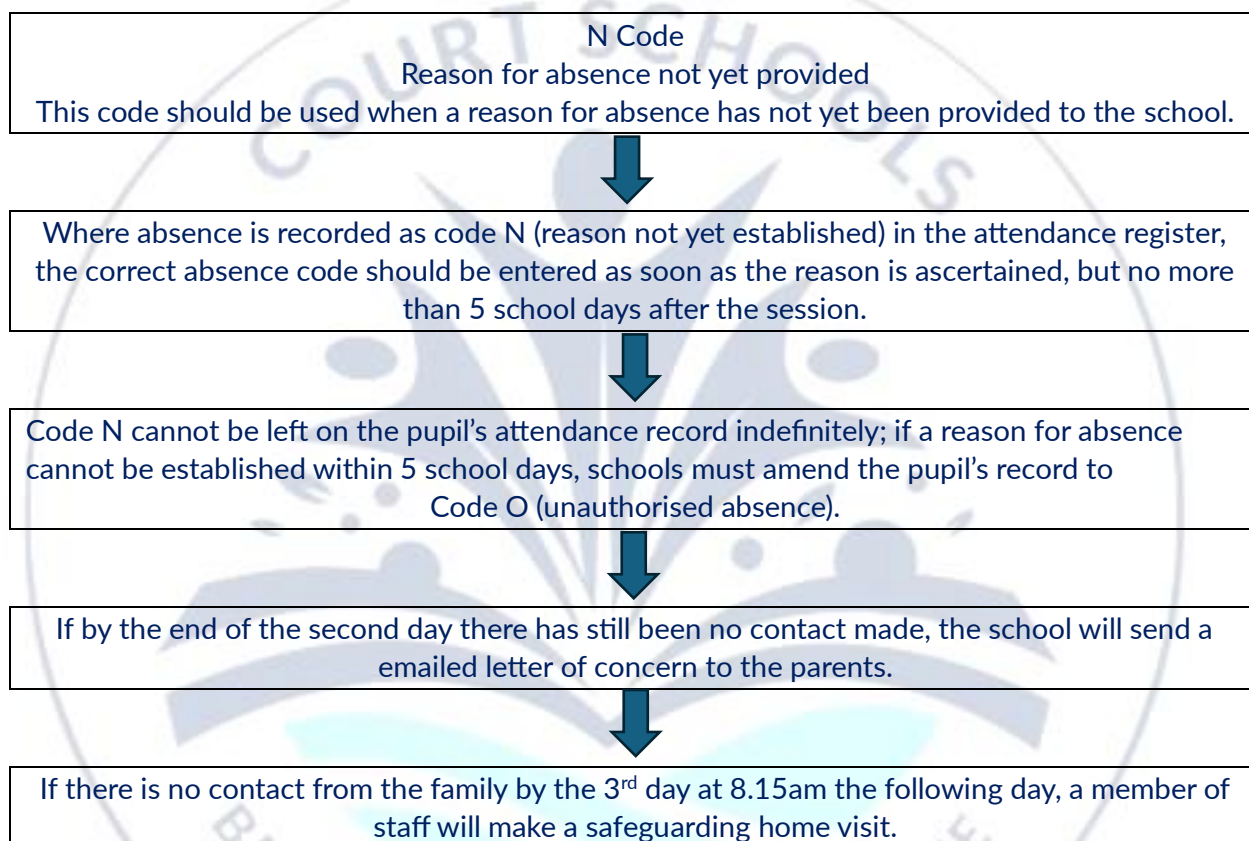
Where further unexplained absences occur, the school will make further contact with the parent(s) (including social workers where appropriate). This should be with the aim of understanding why the absence has occurred, and when the student will return.

- Court Schools will endeavour to make contact on the first day of absence, if no email, or telephone call is received by the school office from the parent by 9.20 am that day. If the family is not available on the telephone a message will be left, where possible. Emails/SMS text messages may also be used. The office will keep a record of contact made and responses.
- If there is no response from either of the 2 emergency contacts nominated by the parent and this is considered a cause for concern, the school may decide to notify the police in the interests of safeguarding the pupil concerned.
- Court Schools staff will continue to try to contact the parents on each day that the absence continues without explanation, if there is no response. If by the end of the second day there has still been no contact made, the school will send a letter of concern to the parents. On an individual basis we might feel it's appropriate to send a member of staff to go to the family home to offer support. The school will tell parents that if absence persists, a referral will be made to the right external agencies at the county council.
- Support will be offered to the family to improve attendance and possibly a referral may also be made to the Early Help or external agencies as quickly as possible and when necessary, if the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and SLT think this is appropriate.
- Follow up on all unexplained absences to obtain explanations from parents.

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- Although parents may offer a reason, only the school can authorise the absence. In the case of long term or frequent absence due to medical conditions, verifications from a GP or other relevant body may be requested.
- Where support is not appropriate, not successful, or not engaged with, the school will issue a notice to improve, penalty notice or other legal intervention, as appropriate.
- The correct absence code will be put in the Attendance Register as soon as the reason is ascertained.

## N Code Flow Chart



## Section 2: Promoting Regular Attendance

This section sets out the measures in place at Court Schools to promote regular attendance by its registered pupils.

### Promoting Attendance

Court Schools will:

- Treat all pupils and parents with dignity. Our staff will always seek to model respectful relationships to build a positive relationship between home and school that can be the foundation of good attendance.

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- Set out expectations of attendance and reporting in this policy and communicate procedures clearly in the placement plan.
- Use SLT / teacher to encourage pupils to attend and to celebrate attendance and communicate with pupils about absence and patterns.
- Hold regular meetings with the parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority) consider to be vulnerable or are persistently or severely absent to discuss attendance and engagement at school.
- Inform parents termly of the attendance data of their child, this can be more regular if there are concerns about attendance.
- Identify students who need support from wider partners as quickly as possible and make the necessary referrals.
- Make the necessary statutory data returns to the local authority.
- Support students back into school following a lengthy or unavoidable period of absence and provide support to build confidence and bridge gaps. If well enough to do so pupils will be provided with 'Continuity of Learning' work when absent which means that they are able to keep up with the curriculum while absent. Teachers will meet with the student on return and agree ways that the student can be supported on their return and will monitor their re-engagement with school and support with any ongoing medical needs where necessary.
- Make initial enquiries of parents of students who are not attending regularly, express their concern and clarify the school's and the LA's expectations with regard to regular school attendance. School will send formal letters when applicable.
- Refer irregular or unjustified patterns of attendance to the Inclusion Officer. Failure by the family to comply with the planned support set by the school or/and inclusion officer may result in further actions e.g. Penalty Notice, parental prosecution or an application for an Education Supervision Order.

## Students Leaving During the School Day.

Students are not allowed to leave the premises without prior permission from the school.

Whenever possible, parents should try to arrange medical and other appointments outside of school time. If an appointment is in school time evidence will be requested for example an appointment card or letter with the date and time.

Parents are requested to confirm in writing / or email the reason for any planned absence, the time of leaving, the expected return time and whether the student is being collected or will make their own way to their destination.

Where a student is being collected from the school, parents are requested to report to the school office before the student is allowed to leave the site.

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If a student leaves the school site without permission their parents will be contacted. Should the school be unable to contact the family it may be appropriate, in certain circumstances, to contact the police and register the student as a missing person.

## Data Strategy

Court Schools understands that the majority of our pupils come with complex needs and are vulnerable and school attendance has been a historic concern. Schools within the Court Schools family know that prevention, early detection and support to prevent absence is crucial.

We will therefore undertake regular data analysis to:

Both identify and provide immediate additional support to students and/or student cohorts that need it.

Look at historic and emerging patterns across the school and develop strategies to address them. The Academy will typically carry out the following analysis:

Daily monitoring of attendance through the admin team and communicated to SLT.

Develop targeted actions to address patterns of absence (of all severities) of individual pupils that has been identified via data analysis.

Monitoring and analysing weekly attendance patterns and trends, including whether there are particular issues for some pupils on certain days.

Patterns of attendance and engagement within sessions, to ensure that all students are attending all timetabled lessons.

Attendance data will be discussed at weekly Safeguarding meetings and through staff meetings.

Termly and full-year data analysis of patterns and trends, including analysis of pupils and cohorts, identifying patterns in use of certain codes, days where attendance is typically poor and (where appropriate) subjects with low lesson attendance.

Benchmarking attendance data at whole school, against national special school data and sharing good practice with others for raising attendance.

We will use this analysis to identify pupils who need support so that we can focus staff efforts on developing targeted actions for those students and to identify any common themes to support improvement planning.

Provide regular attendance reports to facilitate discussions with pupils and families, and to school leaders.

We will use the data to inform us regarding the impact of school-wide attendance efforts, including any specific strategies implemented, to evaluate approaches or inform action.

Use data to monitor and evaluate the impact of any interventions put in place in order to modify them and inform future strategies.

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## Persistent Absence

**Persistent absence** refers to when a pupil misses **10% or more of their possible school sessions**. This translates to around 7 days of absence across a term and around 19 days of absence across the school year.

## Severely Absence

**Severely absent** refers to when a pupil has missed **50% or more of their possible school sessions**.

## Absence Reduction Strategy

Reducing persistent and severe absence is central to the school's strategy for improving attendance.

We will devise specific strategies to address areas of poor attendance identified through data. Consider potential safeguarding issues and, where suspected or present, address them in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education.

Hold regular meetings with the parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority) considers to be vulnerable or at risk of persistent or severe absence, or who are persistently or severely absent, to:

- Discuss attendance and engagement at school
- Listen, and understand barriers to attendance
- Explain the help that is available
- Explain the potential consequences of, and sanctions for, persistent and severe absence
- Review any existing actions or interventions

Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance.

Consider alternative support that could be put in place to remove any barriers to attendance and re-engage these pupils. In doing so, the school will sensitively consider some of the reasons for absence.

## Students with Medical Conditions or Special Educational Needs and Disabilities

Schools within the Court Schools family recognise that some students face greater barriers to attendance than their peers. These can include students who suffer from long-term medical conditions or who have special educational needs and disabilities. Their right to an education is the same as any other pupil and therefore the attendance ambition for these pupils is the same as they are for any other pupils.

We ask all staff to reinforce messages about the importance of attendance and create a welcoming environment which encourages pupils to attend. In working with their parents to

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improve attendance, we will be mindful of the barriers these pupils face and put additional support in place where necessary to help them access their full-time education. This will include:

Having sensitive conversations and developing good support for pupils with physical or mental health conditions. For example, reviewing the barrier, putting an agreed plan together with the pupil involved where appropriate and reviewing the plan regularly and evolve the plan when needed. Home visits / Teams calls to rebuild relationships.

Considering whether additional support from external agencies (including the local authority or health services) would be appropriate, making referrals in a timely manner and working together with those services to deliver any subsequent support.

Establishing strategies for removing the in-school barriers students may face, including considering support or reasonable adjustments for uniform, routines, access to support in school and lunchtime arrangements.

Ensuring pastoral care is in place where needed and consider whether a time-limited phased return to school would be appropriate.

Ensuring data is regularly monitored for these groups including EHCP annual reviews, Safeguarding meetings, so that additional support from other agencies is accessed where necessary.

Please see the school's policy on 'Supporting Students with Medical Conditions at School' for further information. In all cases, the school will be sensitive and avoid stigmatising students and parents and will talk to them, understand how they feel and what they think would help improve their attendance to develop personalised approaches that meet an individual pupil's specific needs.

## Part-Time Timetables

All students of compulsory school age are entitled to a full-time education. In very exceptional circumstances, where it is in a student's best interests, there may be a need for a temporary part-time timetable to meet their individual needs. For example, where a medical condition prevents a student from attending full-time education and a part-time timetable is considered as part of a re-integration package for a short period of time only.

A part-time timetable must only be in place for the shortest time necessary and not be treated as a long-term solution. A part-time timetable will only be available to those with medical evidence/a second professional recommendation. Any pastoral support programme or other agreement will have a time limit by which point the pupil is expected to attend full-time, at school. Formal arrangements will also be put in place for regularly reviewing it every 6 weeks with the pupil (if appropriate) and their parents and any agencies involved with that pupil. In agreeing to a part-time timetable, a school has agreed to a student being absent from school for part of the week or day and therefore will treat such absence as authorised. We will of course consider how best to support learning when a child is working on a part time timetable.

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## Flexi-Schooling

Children of statutory school age have the right to full-time education.

Children who are home educated are not normally registered on the roll of a school, but parents can request that a school permits them to receive part of their education at a school. This is called flexi-schooling.

The purpose of flexi-schooling is often to access education in specific subjects more easily than through home education. It may also be seen as a means to support a child who is not able to manage full-time education in a school setting or to enable a child to socialise with its peers. This is distinct from part-time education where a child cannot manage full time education whether in or out of a school.

Flexi-schooling is therefore not the same as a child having a part-time timetable in school (recorded on an Annex R).

There is no obligation on schools to agree to a request for flexi-schooling. This would be taken on an individual bases and the offer would be to support learning in the core subjects.

Examples of where requests might be made include:

- for talented young sportspersons so they can benefit from elite coaching and training; or
- for children who are gifted in other areas so that they can benefit from expert tuition; or
- where parents feel that there are areas of their child's education (which may also be in relation to the child's faith and culture) which they wish to provide

Flexi-schooling arrangements may be long-term where all parties agree that this is in a child's best interest. It may be a short-term option for a particular reason and with the aim of supporting a child back towards full-time attendance in school. This may be the case for a child returning to education following illness.

Schools entering a flexi-school arrangement are required to put the child on roll. Sessions when the pupil is not expected in must be recorded as C – Other authorised absence. Sessions when the pupil is due in will be marked as per any other pupil (i.e. present, authorised absence or unauthorised absence).

A school will review the flexi-schooling agreement should a child's attendance for sessions when he or she is expected to be in school give cause for concern.

The school may end the flexi-school arrangement at any time if the terms of the agreement are not being met and/or the arrangement is not considered to be working to the child's best interests. The child would then be expected to attend on a full-time basis as would any pupil on the school's roll.

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A parent may also end the arrangement at any time, either returning the child to full-time attendance or by writing to inform the school that the child will be Electively Home Educated (on a full-time basis) and taken off the school roll.

Parents must still ensure that the child receives a suitable full-time education. A request for flexi-schooling may prompt a formal review of the child's provision. No flexi-schooling agreement should be made without liaison with the 0-25 SEN Team.

Where there is an entitlement to education transport provided by the LA, that is for travel at the beginning and end of the school day. There is no additional entitlement to travel during the day, either to or from school to accommodate different patterns of attendance.

The LA may withdraw transport for those journeys that are not required due to a flexi-schooling arrangement. This does not affect entitlement, but it is advisable to give notice wherever possible if journeys are to resume earlier than planned.

Devon [Flexi-schooling policy - Children, families and education](#)

Cornwall [Part-time Timetables - Cornwall Council](#)

## Child Missing in Education (CME)

Refers to those who are of compulsory school age but are either not registered at a school or not receiving suitable education elsewhere. These children may be at risk of involvement in criminal or gang-related activity.

[Children Missing Education - Guidance for Local authorities](#)

## Elective Home Education (EHE)

Elective Home Education (EHE) is when a parent chooses not to send their child to school full-time but assumes responsibility for making sure their child receives a full-time education other than at school. Some children are electively home educated from age 5 and may never attend school. In other cases, a child may be removed from their school's roll for EHE.

## Pupils Returning to School after a Lengthy or Unavoidable Period of Absence

Parents and the teacher will meet and where appropriate the pupil will be invited to attend the meeting to review needs of the pupil offering a higher level of pastoral support and a plan will be made and reviewed daily / weekly to the pupils engagement to reintegrate back to school. This will have a personalised approach and overseen by SLT.

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## Section 3: Roles and Responsibilities

This section outlines responsibilities of particular members of staff in relation to attendance.

### Strategic Lead for Attendance at Court Schools

For Court Schools - The name and contact details of the strategic lead to attendance in court schools is Adele Thomas who can be contacted on 01392 494919 or email [office@magdalencourt.org](mailto:office@magdalencourt.org)

Responsibility for identifying unexplained absences on “day 1” will be the admin team. Responsibility for identifying further unexplained absences will be the admin team who will pass on to SLT.

More detailed support on attendance can be requested from SLT.

### Governing Body Responsibilities

The Governing body recognises the importance of school attendance and will:

Promote it through the school’s values, ethos and policies.

Ensure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties.

Regularly review attendance data, discuss, and challenge trends, and help school leaders focus improvement efforts on the individual students or cohorts who need it most.

Ensure Court schools staff receive adequate training on attendance.

The Governing body will also ensure:

That the Attendance Policy and its contents are generally made known within Court schools and to parents of registered students at the school, and steps are taken at least once in every school year to bring the Attendance Policy to the attention of all those parents and students and all persons who work at the school.

### The Headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for:

- The implementation of this policy at the school.
- Monitoring school-level absence data.
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils.
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies.
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school and repeatedly evaluating the effectiveness of the school’s processes and improvement efforts to make sure they are meeting pupils needs.

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- Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary, and /or authorising deputy headteacher to be able to do so.
- Working with the parents of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to develop specific support approaches for attendance for pupils with SEND, including where school transport is regularly being missed, and where pupils with SEND face in-school barriers.
- Communicating with the local authority when a pupil with an education, health and care (EHC) plan has falling attendance, or where there are barriers to attendance that relate to the pupil's needs.
- Communicating the school's high expectations for attendance and punctuality regularly to pupils and parents through all available channels

## The Designated Senior Leader Responsible for Attendance

The designated senior leader within the schools is responsible for:

- Leading, championing and improving attendance across the school.
- Setting a clear vision for improving and maintaining good attendance.
- Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes.
- Having a strong grasp of absence data and oversight of absence data analysis.
- Regularly monitoring and evaluating progress in attendance.
- Establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence and making sure they are followed by all staff.
- Liaising with pupils, parents/carers and external agencies, where needed.
- Building close and productive relationships with parents to discuss and support attendance issues.
- Creating intervention or reintegration plans in partnership with pupils and their parents.
- Delivering targeted intervention and support to pupils and families.
- Monitoring and analysing attendance data.
- Benchmarking attendance data to identify areas of focus for improvement.
- Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the headteacher.
- Working with education welfare officers to tackle persistent absence.
- Advising the headteacher when to issue fixed-penalty notices.

## Section 4: Specific Action for Failure to Attend Regularly

### Notices to Improve

If the national threshold has been met and support is appropriate, but parents do not engage with offers of support, the school may offer a notice to improve to give parents a final chance to engage with support.

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Notices to improve will be issued in line with processes set out in the local code of conduct for the local authority area in which the pupil attends school.

They will include:

- Details of the pupil's attendance record and of the offences.
- The benefits of regular attendance and the duty of parents under [section 7 of the Education Act 1996](#)
- Details of the support provided so far.
- Opportunities for further support, or to access previously provided support that was not engaged with.
- A clear warning that a penalty notice may be issued if attendance doesn't improve within the improvement period, along with details of what sufficient improvement looks like, which will be decided on a case-by-case basis.
- A clear timeframe of between 3 and 6 weeks for the improvement period.
- The grounds on which a penalty notice may be issued before the end of the improvement period.
- As part of promoting regular attendance the school will consider the issuing of Fixed Penalty Notices, in conjunction with guidance from [School absence penalty notices – Education and Families \(devon.gov.uk\)](#)

## Legislation and Guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on [working together to improve school attendance \(applies from 19 August 2024\)](#) and [school attendance parental responsibility measures](#). The guidance is based on the following pieces of legislation, which set out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

Part 6 of the [Education Act 1996](#)

Part 3 of the [Education Act 2002](#)

Part 7 of the [Education and Inspections Act 2006](#)

[The Education \(Pupil Registration\) \(England\) Regulations 2006 \(and 2010, 2011, 2013, and 2016 amendments\)](#)

[The School Attendance \(Pupil Registration\) \(England\) Regulations 2024](#)

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2006/1751/contents> [The Education \(Penalty Notices\) \(England\) \(Amendment\) Regulations 2013 and the 2024 amendment](#)

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2013/757/regulation/2/made> It also refers to:

[School census guidance](#)

[Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)

[Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools](#)

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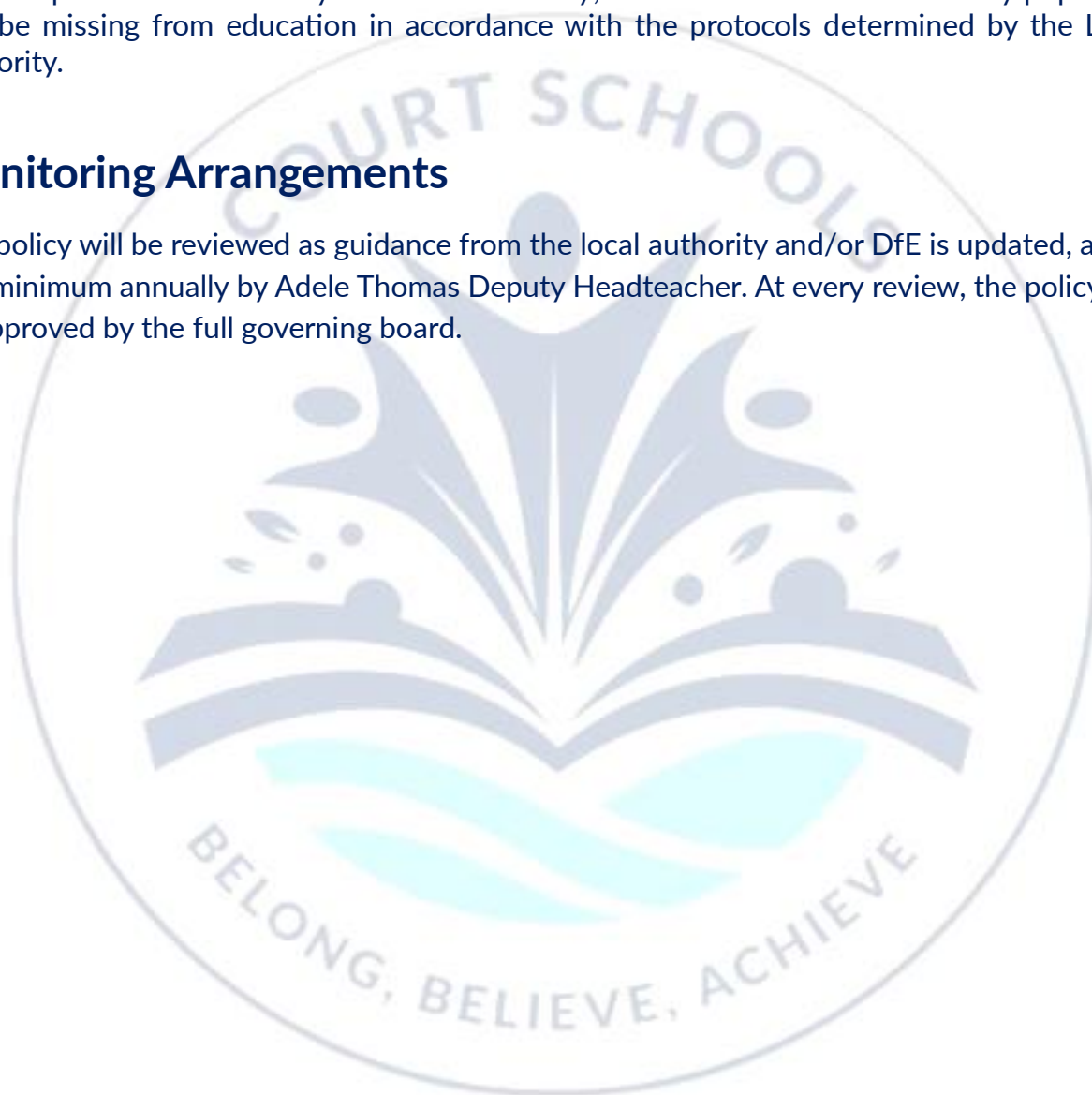
## Links with other Policies

This policy needs to be read in conjunction with the Court Schools Safeguarding policy, Court Schools Behaviour Policy, National Guidance on attendance produced by the DfE (November 2016) and the school's homework policy.

Our school will additionally use the Local Authority's Flexi-schooling agreement when relevant; the school will endorse Flexi-schooling agreements to ensure they are working in accordance with the protocols outlined by the Local Authority; Court Schools will monitor any pupil who may be missing from education in accordance with the protocols determined by the Local Authority.

## Monitoring Arrangements

This policy will be reviewed as guidance from the local authority and/or DfE is updated, and as a minimum annually by Adele Thomas Deputy Headteacher. At every review, the policy will be approved by the full governing board.



# Court Schools Attendance Policy

## Appendix 1: Attendance Codes

The following codes are taken from the DfE's [guidance on school attendance](#).

Code	Definition	Scenario
/	Present (am)	Pupil is present when morning registration is taken
\	Present (pm)	Pupil is present when afternoon registration is taken
L	Late arrival	Pupil arrives late before register has closed from 9.20am – 9.30am
<b>Attending a place other than the school</b>		
K	Attending education provision arranged by the local authority. If named on the EHCP	Pupil is attending a place other than a school at which they are registered, for educational provision arranged by the local authority. Safeguarding
V	Attending an educational visit or trip on behalf of Court Schools e.g a trip to the museum. With a member of our staff.	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised or approved by the school. Pupil attended and we are safeguarding the pupil. Safeguarding
P	Participating in a sporting activity.	Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school supervised by a professional to ensure it happens. Safeguarding
W	Attending work experience.	Pupil is on an approved work experience placement. Safeguarding
B	Attending any other approved educational activity arrange by school. Tubers, Poles apart, attending transition day at new school or provision.	Pupil is attending a place for an approved educational activity that is not a sporting activity or work experience. Not to be used as a blanket code. What is the activity? where are they?

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<b>D</b>	Dual registered	Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
<b>Absent – leave of absence</b>		
<b>M</b>	Medical/dental appointment	Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment Try to get not in school time.
<b>J1</b>	Interview	Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment Can not safeguard
<b>S</b>	Study leave	Pupil has been granted leave of absence to study for a public examination eg GCSE not for mock exams.
<b>X</b>	Not required to be in school	Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend. Only use with pupils who are commissioned for less than full time – Tommy / Josh
<b>C2</b>	Part-time timetable	Pupil is not in school due to having a part-time timetable Best interest to temporary reduce there timetable medical conditions. To help pupil to access as much education as possible. paragraph 64 -69.
<b>C</b>	Exceptional circumstances	Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances Can grant leave of absence. School can determine number of days. A need or desire for a holiday is not exceptional circumstances.
<b>Absent – other authorised reasons</b>		
<b>T</b>	Parent travelling for occupational purposes	Pupil is a 'mobile child' who is travelling with their parent(s) who are travelling for occupational purposes. Parents have no fixed address

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R	Religious observance	Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance. Can check with religious body parent belongs to.
I	Illness (not medical or dental appointment)	Pupil is unable to attend due to illness (either related to physical or mental health) School to decide illness is genuine can ask for medical evidence. Talk to parent can be enough for one offs
E	Suspended or permanently excluded	Pupil has been suspended or excluded from school and no alternative provision has been made
<b>Absent – unable to attend school because of unavoidable cause</b>		
Q	Lack of access arrangements	Pupil is unable to attend school because the local authority has failed to provide transport to enable attendance at school. Transport not in place as part of the transition.
Y1	Transport normally provided is not available	Pupil is unable to attend because school is not within walking distance of their home and the transport normally provided is not available. Transport for one off session.
Y2	Widespread disruption to travel	Pupil is unable to attend because of widespread disruption to travel caused by a local, national or international emergency. Snow fall, flooding
Y3	Part of school premises closed	Pupil is unable to attend because they cannot practicably be accommodated in the part of the premises that remains open.
Y4	Whole school site unexpectedly closed	Every pupil absent as the school is closed unexpectedly (e.g. due to adverse weather)

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Y5	Criminal justice detention	<p>Pupil is unable to attend as they are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In police detention</li> <li>• Remanded to youth detention, awaiting trial or sentencing, or</li> <li>• Detained under a sentence of detention</li> </ul>
Y6	Public health guidance or law	Pupil's travel to or attendance at the school would be prohibited under public health guidance or law
Y7	Any other unavoidable cause	To be used where an unavoidable cause is not covered by the other codes
<b>Absent – unauthorised absence</b>		
G	Holiday not granted by the school	Pupil is absent for the purpose of a holiday, not approved by the school
N	Reason for absence not yet established	Reason for absence has not been established before the register closes
O	Absent in other or unknown circumstances	No reason for absence has been established, or the school isn't satisfied that the reason given would be recorded using one of the codes for authorised absence
U	Arrived in school after registration closed	<p>Pupil has arrived late, after the register has closed but before the end of session</p> <p>Change the N to a U and put in the time they signed in to school.</p>
<b>Administrative codes</b>		
Z	Prospective pupil not on admission register	Pupil has not joined school yet but has been registered
#	Planned whole-school closure	Whole-school closures that are known and planned in advance, including school holidays

## Court Schools Attendance Policy

### Appendix 2 -Pupil Leave of Absence in Exceptional Circumstances - Request Form

<i>Parents/Carers - Please return this request form to the Headteacher at least 2 weeks before</i>	
NAME OF PUPIL:	
DATES REQUESTED – <b>FROM</b> (Insert first date of absence):	
DATES REQUESTED – <b>TO</b> (Insert last date of absence):	
TOTAL NUMBER OF SCHOOL DAYS:	
I request leave of absence for the above-named child due to the following exceptional circumstance(s): -	
Please state destination:	
Accompanying adults & their relationship to child:	
In order to counteract any missed teaching and learning, my child will: -	
Is there anything else that you feel would enhance the above? -	
I/ we agree to the terms and conditions outlined within the Exceptional Circumstances policy of the Special Partnership Trust	Signed (Parent/carer):
I/we understand if we do not provide sufficient information to support the risk assessment the school can decline this request	Signed (Parent/carer):
To the parents/carers of:	
Request approved/not approved for your child to have a leave of absence (exceptional circumstances):	<b>APPROVED</b> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"><b>NOT APPROVED</b></span>
If exceptional circumstances have been declined (reasons) – <i>if you would like an appointment to discuss any aspect, please telephone the office manager to request an appointment with the HT:</i>	
FROM (first day of absence):	
TO (last day of absence):	
Head Teacher’s signature:	
Date:	

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